

Poetry.

The Lovely Rivers and Lakes of Maine.

BY GEORGE B. WALLS.

Oh, the lovely rivers and lakes of Maine!

I am charmed with their name as my song will explain.

Aboriginal names their strains, while I sing the bright rivers and lakes of Maine—

From Canaan to the Atlantic, from Sagadahoc to Penobscot—

The Kennebec, the Androscoggin, the Merrimack, the Connecticut,

The Housatonic, the Hudson, the Delaware, the Potomac,

The Chesapeake, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

The Pamlico, the Roanoke, the James, the York, the Rappahannock,

BEAUTIFYING FARM.

Great progress has been made within the last twenty-five years among the farmers of the country, not only in making their farms more productive, but in making them more attractive. This is a large measure, the result of prosperous seasons. Those who had debts to pay, did not feel able to expend much in ornamenting their places; but since they have freed themselves from this burden, they have been more disposed to attend to the appearance of things.

There has been, also, an advance in taste. There are not so many now, farmers, who do all their attention to the ornamental as a waste of time and money. This race of ignorance and boorish men is fast dying out. Increasing intelligence, the formation of agricultural societies, the influence of a larger element of educated and cultivated men into the profession, have had a powerful influence in securing more attention to the esthetics of farming, instead of having everything expended for mere pecuniary returns. And this is a great advance. It is the result of the progress of the farmer. Man is a creature of taste and not a mere grub; and he neglects to cultivate and to gratify this element in his nature, degrades himself. Any one may form a pretty correct estimate of the intellectual, if not the moral state of his neighbors, by simply looking over their farms. The one who allows his buildings and lands to lie in a slovenly state, when he has the means of improving them, may be a money-loving, but he will also be a slovenly man with no elevating instincts.

It is a great mistake to suppose that money spent in ornamenting the appearance of a place is thrown away. It may be doubted whether there is any more direct method of increasing its pecuniary value. Certainly its market value will depend very much upon its outward appearance. Tasteful and well-painted buildings, well-arranged yards and gardens with neat fences, shade trees properly disposed, good farm fences and cleanly kept fields, will set off a farm to great advantage and make an amazing difference when it comes to be sold. And even if it be not sold, these things will add immensely to the enjoyment of its possessor. If he be not blighted to everything but the dollar.

Every man, too, owes it to the community in which he is living to contribute to general reputation and to public enjoyment, by making all his surroundings as attractive as possible. There is such a thing as paying too much attention to the outside and to show; but there is reason in all things, and a measure of time and attention and expense should be devoted by every one to making his farm and his home more attractive every year that he lives.—N. Y. Observer.

HOW HOT IRON MAY BE HANDLED.

About the year 1869, one Lionetto, a Spaniard, astonished not only the ignorant, but chemists and other men of science by his method of handling red-hot iron.

He took a piece of iron, heated it to red heat, and then he took it up with his bare hands, and he did so without being burned. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands. He was not only able to handle the iron, but he was able to handle it with his bare hands.

JAMES OF THE STATES.

An exchange, in answer to a correspondent who inquires why the States are called by their present names, as well as their derivation and meaning, says:

Maine—So called from the province of Maine, in France, in compliment to Queen Henrietta of England, who it has been said, owned that province.

New Hampshire—Named by John Mason, in 1780, (who with another, obtained the grant from the crown) from Hampshire county, in England. The former name of the domain was Lascopia.

Vermont—From the French *vert*, verd, or green mountain, indicative of the mountainous nature of the State. The name was first officially recognized January 10th, 1777.

Massachusetts—Indian name signifying "the country about the great hills." Rhode Island—This name was adopted in 1643 from the island of Rhodes, in the Mediterranean, because of its fancied resemblance to that island.

Connecticut—This is the English orthography of the Indian word *Quon-on-ta-ct*, which signifies a "long river."

New York—Named by the Duke of York, under color of title given by the English crown in 1664.

New Jersey—So called in honor of Sir George Carteret, who was governor of the Island of Jersey, in the British Channel. Pennsylvania—From William Penn, the founder of the new colony, meaning "Penn's woods."

Delaware—In honor of Thomas West, (Lord de la Warr) who visited the bay, and died here in 1630.

Maryland—After Henrietta Maria, Queen of Charles I. of England.

Virginia—So called in honor of Queen Elizabeth, the "Virgin Queen," in whose reign Sir Walter Raleigh made the first attempt to colonize that region.

North and South Carolina were originally in one tract called "Carolina," after Charles IX. of France, in 1585. Subsequently, 1663, the name was altered to Carolina.

Georgia—So called in honor of George II. of England, who established a colony in that region in 1732.

Florida—Ponce de Leon, who discovered this portion of North America, in 1513, named it Florida in commemoration of the day he landed there, which was the first day of the month of May, or "Fiesta de flores," otherwise known as Easter Sunday.

Alabama—Formerly a portion of Mississippi Territory; was admitted into the Union in 1819. The name is of Indian origin, signifying "Here we rest."

Mississippi—Formerly a portion of the province of Louisiana. So named in 1800 from the great river on the Western line. The term is of Indian origin, meaning "Father of Waters."

Louisiana—From Louis XIV., King of France, who for some time prior to 1763 owned the territory.

Arkansas—From "Arkansas," the Indian word "Smoky water," with the French prefix "Ark," low.

Tennessee—Indian name for "The river of the big bend." It is the Mississippi, which winds its way through the Western boundary.

Kentucky—Indian name for "At the head of the river."

Ohio—From the Indian, signifying "beautiful." Previously applied to the river which traverses a great part of its borders.

Michigan—Previously applied to the Lake, the Indian name for a fish-wier, so called from the fancied resemblance of the lake to a fish-trap.

Indiana—So called in 1802 from the American Indian.

Illinois—From the Indian word, "Illini," men, and the French suffix "ois," together signifying "tribe of men."

Wisconsin—Indian term for a "wild, rushing channel."

Missouri—Named in 1821 from the great river, which winds its way through the Western boundary.

FALL CAMPAIGN, 1871.

GRAND OPENING OF NEW FALL GOODS.

O. J. PRATT,

No. 1 Granite Block.

I would respectfully give notice that I am now receiving direct from New York and Boston Importers and Manufacturers, large lines of Foreign and Domestic

Dry Goods, Carpets and Millinery,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

consisting in part of

CHOICE BRITISH DRESS GOODS;

BLACK AND FANCY SILKS;

IRISH AND LYONS COLORED;

ALPACAS,

BRILLIANTINES,

SPINGLINES,

VELOURS,

MEERINGS,

Embossed Cloths, Saxony Laid, and

Stripes.

Together with a large assortment of

MOURNING GOODS,

ALSO

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

SHAWLS, PLUSHES, VELVETS, AND

VELVETTES, BLANKETS, MOUSE FUR,

ING LINENS, AND COTTON GOODS.

LADIES' UNDER FLANNELS;

HOSIERY AND GLOVES;

(embracing the best Paris Kid Gloves in the market.)

DRESS TRIMMINGS, RIBBONS, REAL

AND IMITATION TURKISH, GUINPEE

AND VALMONT LACES, COLLARS, SLEEVES,

HAMBOURG EDGINGS, SMALL WARES,

AND

THREAD STORE ARTICLES.

Fresh Goods received every week from the Trade

Neatly.

27 1/2 Mo. Mitts will be as heretofore.

27 1/2 Mo. Mitts will be as heretofore.

27 1/2 Mo. Mitts will be as heretofore.

27 1/2 Mo. Mitts will be as heretofore.

27 1/2 Mo. Mitts will be as heretofore.